



Seienchin means conqueror and subdue over a distance, or attack the rebellious outpost. The characters mean: Sei - 征 ('subjugate' or 'attack the rebellious'), En - 遠 ('distant'), and Chin - 鎮 ('tranquilize'). In feudal Japan, Samurai warriors would often go on expeditions lasting many months, and they needed to maintain their strength and spirit over a long period of time. The word 'Seienchin' can also be translated here as 'control', 'pull' or 'fight', as a hint toward the various grappling and grabbing techniques.

Seienchin Kata was studied by Miyagi-Sensei (founder Goju-ryu) in China, possibly in the Fujian province of China where Kanryo Higaonna had studied, and later introduced in Okinawa around 1883 as an exclusive form of Naha-Te. Technically it is a Kata with Bai-He-Quan roots (Fujian White Heron), but some instructors say the Kata also has Xingy ('Tiger') style influence. The Kata is described as having 'Yin and Yang' in its performance due to the contrast between hard and soft or slow and explosive. It is as if the 'storm erupts from the calm phases of the Kata'. It utilizes Kiba Dachi stances, and the dynamic breathing and block/striking techniques are typical of the **Naha-Te** style. Seienchin is believed to be one of the most conserved Kata practiced by different styles including Kyokushin.

Seienchin is unique among advanced Kata because it has no Geri techniques. The hook blocks within the Kata hint at its Chinese origin. Seienchin introduces Age-Tsuki and Hiji-Barai (performed with both elbows, at the same time, at the end of Kata); both techniques are designated for close-range combat. Correct breathing, smoothness of movement, pivoting in and out of Kiba Dachi, and effective use of open and closed hand techniques are important points in the performance of this Kata.

Kanryo Higaonna had many notable students, including Chojun Miyagi (founder of Goju-Ryu and teacher of Gogen Yamaguchi) and Kenwa Mabuni (founder of Shito-Ryu). Both of these masters would have learned the Kata from him and Seienchin Kata is preserved in both these systems. Mabuni is generally credited with being the person who took *Seienchin Kata* to Japan when he moved there with his family in 1920.

Known as the Southern Kata within Kyokushin Karate, the Seienchin was developed from Mas Oyama's training for Kyokushin under Nei-Chu So sensei. Sensei So was a student of Gogen Yamaguchi.

#### Dachi Waza

Fudo Dachi Musubi Dachi Yoi Dachi Heiko Dachi Kiba Dachi Zenkutsu Dachi Kokutsu Dachi Sanchin Dachi Neko Ashi Dachi

**Tsuki or Te Waza** Chudan Yonhon Nukite Chudan Oi Tsuki Chudan Hiji Ate Uraken Oroshi Ganmen Uchi Seiken Jodan Age Tsuki Moro Ashi Dachi Uraken Sayu Ganmen Uchi Hiji Mae Chudan Ate

**Uke Waza** 

Shotei Morote Gedan Uke Seiken Morote Gedan Barai Haito Uchi Uke Kake Uke (Tensho) Shuto Jodan Uke Te Ken Sasae Uke (Morote Uchi Uke) Seiken Gedan Barai Shotei Yumi Barai Seiken Soto Uke Seiken Uchi Uke / Gedan Barai Shuto Hasami Uke Barai)

(Kataguruma-Judo)

(Shuto Morote Oroshi

#### **Kihon Jutsugo**

Kamae, Mokuso, Hajime, Seika Tanden, Kanku, Kiai, Tensho, Hikite, Te, Ken, Kote, Sasae, Kataguruma, Seienchin no Kamae, Ibuki, Naore, Yasume

8 Scoope and slowly raise both open hands to the front of your own face, bringing both elbows together (close the armpit), and then slowly drop them (with closed hands) towards both sides into a SEIKEN MOROTE **GEDAN BARAI.** 

9 In the same position look to the right and cover with a fast left SHOTEI and execute slowly a right HAITO UCHI UKE, returning the left hand back in

bringing both elbows together (close the armpit), and then slowly drop them (with closed hands) towards both sides into a SEIKEN MOROTE **GEDAN BARAI.** 

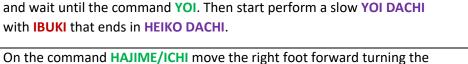
Scoop and slowly raise both open hands to the front of your own face,

Begin the Kata in FUDO DACHI. Move into MUSUBI DACHI and MOKUSO on the command **MOKUSO**. On the next command **SEIENCHIN**, open eyes

body 45° counterclockwise into KIBA DACHI, simultaneously open both hands on your own shoulder heights, and execute a slow SHOTEI MOROTE

Picture yourself wrapping your hands around a ball, and bring it slowly under water at your

- 3 In the same position look to the right and cover with a fast left SHOTEI and execute slowly a right HAITO UCHI UKE, returning the left hand back in closed HIKITE. Perform a right KAKE UKE (TENSHO) and pull towards the body, simultaneously strike with a slow left CHUDAN YONHON NUKITE (1).
- 4 Move the left foot forward turning the body 90° clockwise into KIBA DACHI, simultaneously open both hands on your own shoulder heights, and execute a slow SHOTEI MOROTE GEDAN UKE (hands in KANKU form).
- 5 Scoope and slowly raise both open hands to the front of your own face, bringing both elbows together (close the armpit), and then slowly drop them (with closed hands) towards both sides into a SEIKEN MOROTE **GEDAN BARAI.**
- 6 In the same position look to the left and cover with a fast right SHOTEI and execute slowly a left HAITO UCHI UKE, returning the right hand back in closed HIKITE. Perform a left KAKE UKE (TENSHO) and pull towards the body, simultaneously strike with a slow right CHUDAN YONHON NUKITE (2).
- 7 Move the right foot forward turning the body 90° counterclockwise into KIBA DACHI, simultaneously open both hands on your own shoulder heights, and execute a slow SHOTEI MOROTE GEDAN UKE (hands in KANKU form).



2<sup>e</sup> Dan

















2







own SEIKA TANDEN.

1

2

with **IBUKI** that ends in **HEIKO DACHI**.

GEDAN UKE (hands in KANKU form).







closed HIKITE. Perform a right KAKE UKE (TENSHO) and pull towards the body, simultaneously strike with a slow left CHUDAN YONHON NUKITE (3).

10 From this position bring your right foot back, turn 45° clockwise, taking the opponent's hand all the way back with the right hand into HIKITE (on top of the left open hand). Lunge into a right MORO ASHI DACHI, and strike with right SEIKEN CHUDAN TSUKI with KIAI, while supporting the right forearm (KOTE) with the left open hand on top.

Seienchin - 征遠鎮

- 11 Step back in right ZENKUTSU DACHI, performing a left SHUTO JODON UKE, followed by a right CHUDAN HIJI ATE into the left open hand (the palm fist is facing your own face).
- 12 Move forward 45° clockwise into a right KOKUTSU DACHI while performing a slow block right CHUDAN MOROTE UCHI UKE from the left shoulder.

Fast pull back both hands in WAKI no KAMAE, (right fist, left open), and block left TE KEN SASAE UKE. (augmented/supported wrist block with open hand on fist).

- 13 Move the left foot forward and turn the body 90° clockwise into KIBA DACHI, with left SEIKEN GEDAN BARAI (still looking in the same direction). Step back 180° counterclockwise with left foot in KIBA DACHI, with right SEIKEN GEDAN BARAI (still looking in the same direction).
- Move the left foot and turn 90° counterclockwise into a left KOKUTSU 14 DACHI while performing a slow left TE KEN SASAE UKE (pull back fast both hands in KAMAE, left one closed, right open).
- Move the right foot forward and turn the body 90° counterclockwise into 15 KIBA DACHI, with right SEIKEN GEDAN BARAI (still looking in the same direction). Step back 180° clockwise with right foot in KIBA DACHI, with left SEIKEN GEDAN BARAI (still looking in the same direction).
- 16 Move the left foot back 135° counterclockwise into KIBA DACHI and simultaneously execute a slow right SHOTEI YUMI BARAI (KATA GURUMA is a judo throw, but also called SEIENCHIN no KAMAE).
- 17 Move the right foot back 180° clockwise into KIBA DACHI (still looking in the same direction) and simultaneously execute a slow left SHOTELYUMI BARAI.
- 18 Move the body forward at 90° counterclockwise, close your right foot in an active HEISOKU DACHI, and make a right SEIKEN SOTO UKE, align your left SHOTEI hand with your right forearm (TE KOTE). Step in further to the front in left SANCHIN DACHI striking a right URAKEN OROSHI GANMEN UCHI (left hand remains open, palm down, right elbow on top of the left hand), with KIAI.

migi EMPI no ue ni hidari HAISHU – right elbow on top off left open backhand.





















3

- After a right cross-step turn 135° counterclockwise into a left SANCHIN 19 DACHI with a slow left SEIKEN UCHI UKE / GEDAN BARAI.
- 20 Slide forward, turning the body 90° counterclockwise in a KIBA DACHI striking a right SEIKEN JODAN AGE TSUKI with KIAI, followed by a right URAKEN SAYU GANMEN UCHI (left hand cover with SHOTEI block in the middle of the body) and finish with a right SEIKEN GEDAN BARAI.
- 21 Move the right foot back 180° clockwise into KIBA DACHI and simultaneously block left SEIKEN GEDAN BARAI.
- 22 Move back your right foot into right NEKO ASHI DACHI (turning the body 135° clockwise) and simultaneously execute a right HIJI MAE CHUDAN (AGE) ATE (the arm from below and raise).
- 23 Move back the right foot into left NEKO ASHI DACHI and simultaneously execute a right HIJI MAE CHUDAN ATE.
- 24 After a left cross-step turn 135° clockwise into a right SANCHIN DACHI with a slow right SEIKEN UCHI UKE / GEDAN BARAI.
- 25 Slide forward, turning the body 90° clockwise in a KIBA DACHI striking a left SEIKEN JODAN AGE TSUKI with KIAI, followed by a left URAKEN SAYU GANMEN UCHI (right hand cover with SHOTEI block in the middle of the body) and finish with a left SEIKEN GEDAN BARAI.
- 26 Move the left foot back 180° counterclockwise into KIBA DACHI and simultaneously block right SEIKEN GEDAN BARAI.

27 Move back your left foot into left NEKO ASHI DACHI (turning the body 135° counterclockwise) and simultaneously execute a left HIJI MAE CHUDAN (AGE) ATE (the arm from below and raise).

28 Move back the left foot into right NEKO ASHI DACHI and simultaneously execute a left HIJI MAE CHUDAN (AGE) ATE.

29 Move your right foot into a right SANCHIN DACHI and execute a right URAKEN OROSHI GANMEN UCHI (right elbow on top of the left fist).

migi EMPI no ue ni hidari HAISHU - right elbow on top off left open backhand.





















2<sup>e</sup> Dan





**30** Move the right feet back into left **KOKUTSU DACHI** and simultaneously perform a **SHUTO HASAMI UKE** (**SHUTO MOROTE OROSHI BARAI**) with **IBUKI**.

Move the left foot back into **MUSUBI DACH** and the **MOKUSO** position is retained.

The Kata is completed on the command **NAORE** the **FUDO DACHI** position is taken.

At the command **YASUME** relax and at ease.

Copyright © 2017-2021, Jaap Kooman, made for teaching purposes only.







2<sup>e</sup> Dan

Seienchin - 征遠鎮

The images came from the Internet and classes from Shihan Loek Hollander, Shihan Henny Ruberg and Shihan Jan Vleesenbeek.

The Kata is learned from Shihan Henny Ruberg (Shihan Loek Hollander - IKO) and has some influences from Shihan Hatsuo Royama (KIKO).

2<sup>e</sup> Dan















9.

12b.

16.

19b.

1b.





2a.









13a.







6

20a.



5.

**10b.** KIAI.



6.

11a.

3a.

7.









12a.









18a.

13b.





18b.







Jaap Kooman versie A8.1, 01-01-2021



11b.



18c. KIAI.



Seienchin - 征遠鎮

2<sup>e</sup> Dan





20b.

20c.





21.



22a.

25c.





22b.



26.



23.



27.



25a.

29a.



29b.

25b.





30b.



28.

24.



Jaap Kooman versie A8.1, 01-01-2021